

SC6: Choking Currents on Guy Wires

CBC/Radio-Canada's Experimental Testings

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Presentation plan

Why did we do this?

Bazooka Balun Theory & Simulations

Experimental Test Results (9 transmission sites)

What have we learned? What will we monitor?

Acknowledgements / Questions?





Why did we do this?

Safety Code 6: Health Canada's Radiofrequency Exposure Guidelines (SC6)

Compliance with SC6 is mandatory for all RF operators

High NIR levels are often found in **proximity of guy anchors** at transmission sites. Typically, the area is fenced.

The Radio Advisory Board of Canada (**RABC**) SC6 sub-committee decided to try to gain better knowledge of the phenomenon and to find alternatives to fences (sometimes difficult / \$\$)

Max Larivière Birch: Suggestion to apply the Bazooka Balun principle on guy wires



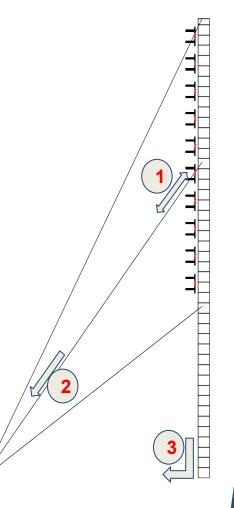




Bazooka Balun Theory

Possible sources of guy-wire currents

- 1. Induction by proximity of radiating element
- 2. Induction by side lobes on guy-wire
- 3. Induction through grounding system

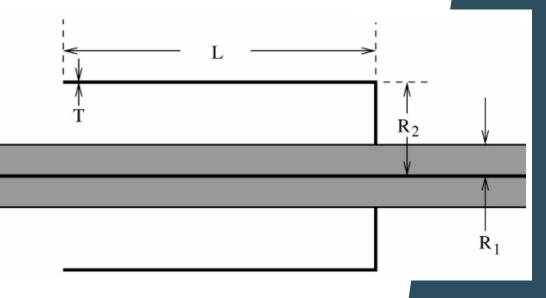




Bazooka Balun Theory

Bazooka Sleeve Balun

- Baluns are seen as an open circuit for currents traveling on the conductor's surface
- A technical paper¹ describes the performance of balun on coax cables at 900 MHz
- We transposed those characteristics for the FM band

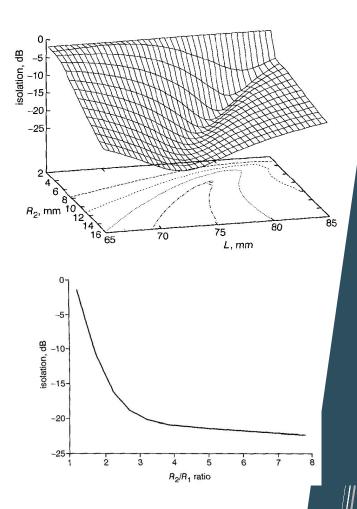




Bazooka Balun Theory

Bazooka Sleeve Balun

- Takeaways:
 - a. Balun length $\approx \lambda / 4$ or shorter
 - b. Bigger baluns have better isolation
 - c. Marginal improvements above $R_2/R_1 > 4$
 - d. Bigger baluns require shorter length



[1] Full-wave analysis of choking characteristics of sleeve balun on coaxial cables S.A. Saario, J.W. Lu and D.V. Thiel



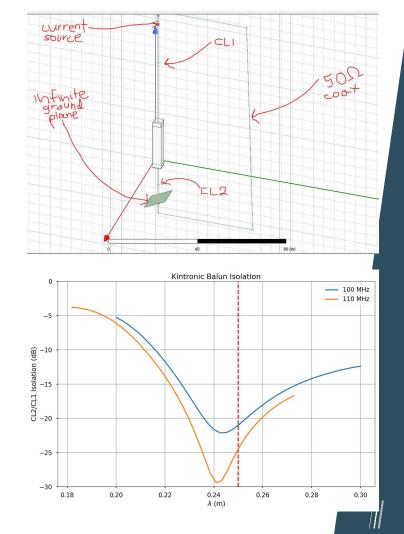


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Simulations

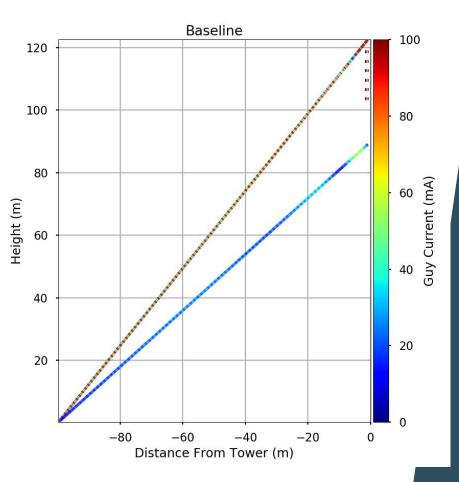
Kintronic's HFSS Simulation

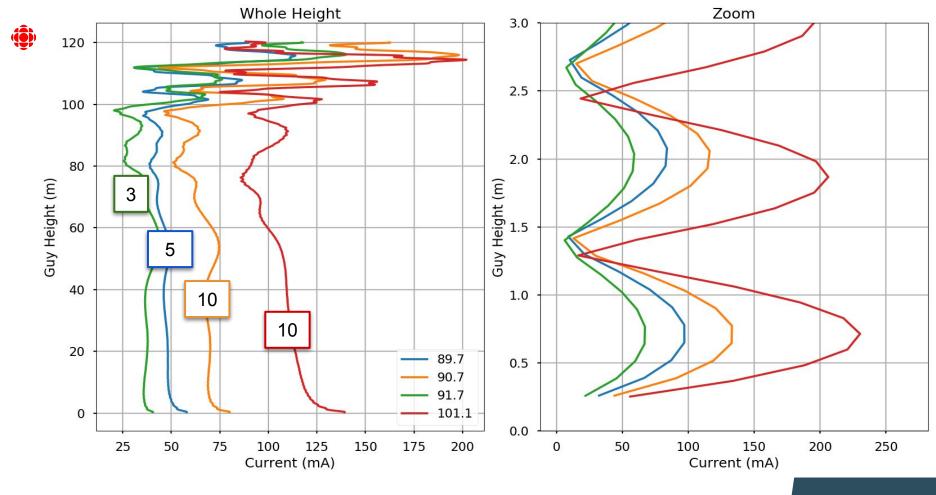
- Balun Face with 4:1 Radius Ratio
- Balun Length set to 0.25λ
- Optimal Isolation at less than 0.25 λ
- Square Balun performs as wells as Cylindrical Baluns





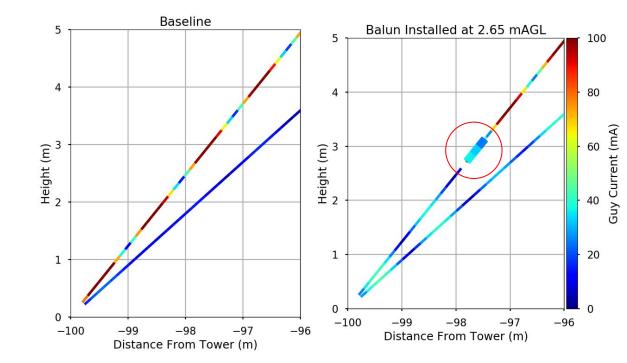
- Approximate Model Sherbrooke Tx Site Outer Anchors and Guy Heights
- Guy Wires 1" Ø
- Intensity of Induced Current varies with Frequency
 - Shown here for 101.1 MHz





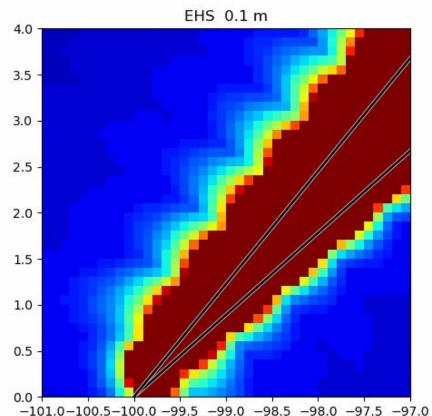


- Standing wave -like current distribution on guy wire
- λ/2 periodicity
- Location of balun influences isolation performance



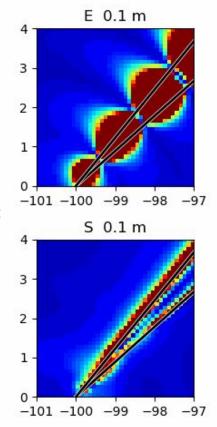


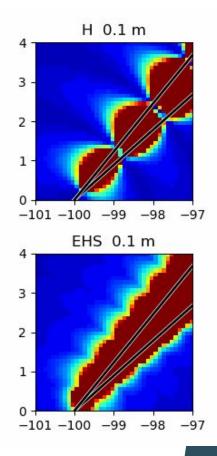
- RF Exposure without Bazooka
- SC6 Levels which include maximum of:
 - E-Field levels (E)
 - H-Field levels (H)
 - Power Density levels (S)





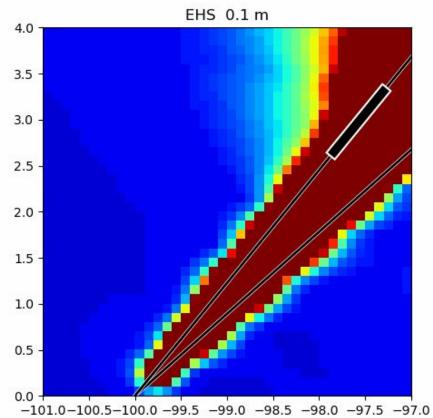
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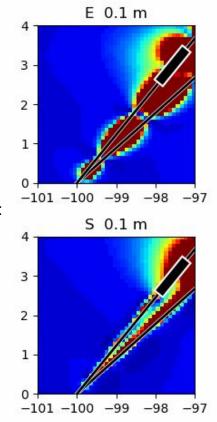


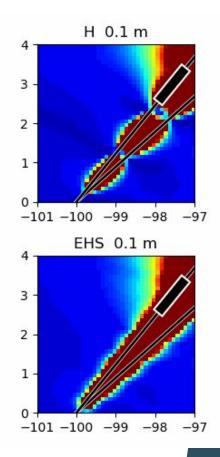
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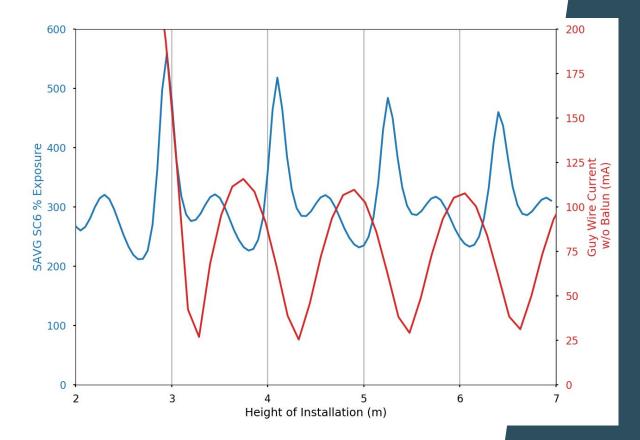
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1st Prototypes

What happened in the field?

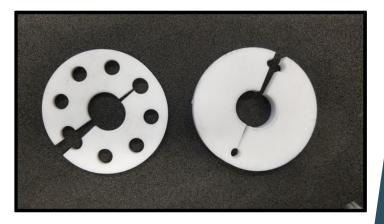
Homemade prototype (Recycle!)





3" 1/8 copper transmission line pieces Teflon rings Hose clamps Copper grounding braids

We visited 9 transmission sites during summer 2019





Test Setup

Optimise sleeve's position and length

- Fixed E-field probe on tripod
- Current Clamp placed on guy wire
- Selective RF Meter determine main contributors perform spatial averaging













Winnipeg, MB

Starbuck transmission site (before)

High power broadcast site (582 KW ERP)

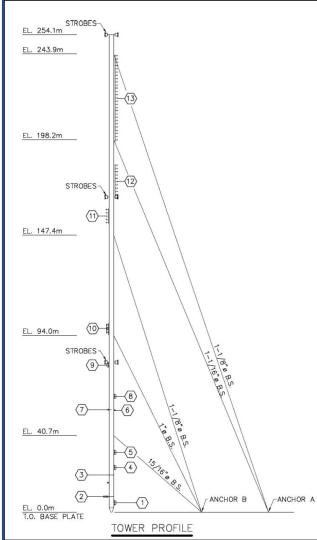
Hotspot ≈ 2000% SC6

Multiple FM contributors

Very large cumbersome temporary fence installed to prevent access

 \rightarrow Permanent solution needed to ensure compliance with SC6







57 Before - Without57 Bazooka Balun

Total : 1968.1 %	6 (2015)	
CKSB-10-FM	88.1 MHz	79.0 %
CKSB-FM	89.9 MHz	13.0 %
CKXL-FM	91.1 MHz	20.5 %
CHVN-FM	95.1 MHz	270.5 %
CBW-FM	98.3 MHz	1479.0 %
CKCL-FM	107.1 MHz	103.2 %
Others	inf MHz	3.0 %

×

73 After - With Bazooka Balun

Total: 49.8 % (2015)

CKSB-10-FM	88.1 MHz	9.5 %
CKSB-FM	89.9 MHz	1.9 %
CKXL-FM	91.1 MHz	0.3 %
CHVN-FM	95.1 MHz	11.0 %
CBW-FM	98.3 MHz	17.2 %
CKCL-FM	107.1 MHz	9.8 %
Others	inf MHz	0.1%





Bazooka balun installations

Highest Spatial Average Measurement % SC6-2015 Uncontrolled Environment (with Uncertainties)			
Transmission site	Before - No Bazooka Balun	After - With Bazooka Balun	
Belleville, ON	200%	22%	
Kingston, ON	113%	58%	
Campbell River, BC	> 2500%	92%	
Little Current, ON	163%	93%	
Fleurimont, QC	146%	68%	
Winnipeg, MB	1968%	92%	
Grande Vallée, QC	395%	82%	



2nd Prototypes

Stainless Outfitters

Belleville, ON - September 25, 2019

Kintronic Labs

More simulations and prototypes to come





What have we learned in the field?

Conductive material used for sleeve: Aluminium /copper / steel

Optimal sleeve length: $0.20\lambda - 0.24 \lambda$ (with some surprises..)

Sites with multiple frequencies and/or high power may require multiple baluns

Cylinder and rectangular shapes work

Positioning and length of the sleeve is crucial

Very high NIR levels measured near the sleeve

Significant impact of the ground wires on the guy wire





What to monitor?

Potential problems

Galvanic corrosion → next prototypes in stainless or galvanized steel Displacement of ground wire connexion If the sleeve breaks / makes contact with the guy wire, it no longer works How snow or ice will impact performances? Tower/guy wire loading, tension measurements

Monitor existing installations for long term effectiveness

Kingston & Belleville, ON Installation: May 22 Validation: September 25 (4 months later) = ok!



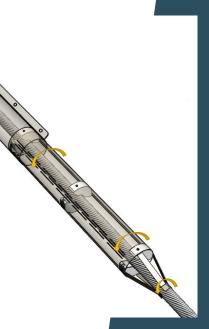


Next steps & Conclusion

Gain better knowledge (simulations and field tests)

Improve prototypes (effective, easy to manufacture, easy to install)

 \rightarrow The industry now has a new mean of solving SC6 issues near guy anchors! (fencing is not the only solution!)





Acknowledgments

Max LaRiviere Birch, Alphawave Mobile Network Products (FieldSENSE) - For suggesting to use the bazooka balun principle on guy wires to solve SC6 issues

CBC/Radio-Canada Transmission Staff - For all the help, support and ideas to make it work in the field

RABC Radio Advisory Board of Canada - For the members contribution to the initiative









Acknowledgments

Yves R. Hamel & Associes Inc. (YRH) - For graciously providing a current clamp for the experimental testings

Stainless Outfitters Inc. - For manufacturing the firsts professionnel prototypes

Kintronic Labs - For the simulations and upcoming prototypes







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Thanks !





A 5¢ bazooka is better than a 3000\$ fence! SC6 is no joke!